it is terminated by one of the following events:

- (1) A request from the recipient to the program agency to terminate the enrollment;
- (2) A change in the title of an account which removes the name of the recipient, removes or adds the name of a beneficiary, or alters the interest of the beneficiary;
- (3) The death or legal incapacity of a recipient, or the death of the beneficiary of a benefit payment; or
- (4) The closing of the account. Upon the occurrence of any of the foregoing events, except the death of the recipient or beneficiary, the recipient or representative payee shall execute a new enrollment before further payments may be credited to that account.
- (5) The closing of a financial institution, whether voluntarily or involuntarily, without successor.
- (d) A recipient who wishes to change the account or financial institution to which payment is directed shall execute a new enrollment.
- (e) A recipient of a benefit payment made under this part may request only that the full amount of the payment be credited to one account on the books of a financial institution. Except as authorized by law or other regulations, the procedures set forth in this part shall not be used to effect an assignment of a payment.
- (f) A financial institution may change the account numbers or, at the request of the recipient, the type of the recipient's account without executing a new enrollment provided no change is made to the title of the account or the interest of the recipient or beneficiary in the account. These changes must be communicated to the appropriate program agency or agencies in accordance with implementing instructions issued by the Federal Government.

[52 FR 2406, Jan. 22, 1987, as amended at 54 FR 20570, May 12, 1989]

## §210.5 The Federal Government.

(a) The Federal agencies that perform disbursing functions will, in accordance with the provisions of this part, issue and direct payment instructions to the Federal Reserve Bank on whose books the financial institution named therein maintains or utilizes an

account in sufficient time for the Federal Reserve Bank to carry out its responsibilities under this part.

(b) Procedural instructions will be issued by the Financial Management Service for the guidance of program agencies, Federal agencies that perform disbursing functions, Federal Reserve Banks, and financial institutions in the implementation of these regulations.

## §210.6 Federal Reserve Banks.

- (a) Each Federal Reserve Bank as Fiscal Agent of the United States shall receive payment instructions from the Federal Government and shall make available and pay to financial institutions amounts specified in these payment instructions, and shall otherwise carry out the procedures and conduct the operations contemplated under this part. Each Federal Reserve Bank may issue operating circulars (sometimes referred to as operating letters or bulletins) not inconsistent with this part, governing the details of its handling of payments under this part and containing such provisions as are required and permitted by this part.
- (b) The Federal Government by its action of issuing and sending any payment instruction contained in the media specified in §210.2(k) shall be deemed to authorize the Federal Reserve Banks to:
- (1) Pay the amount specified in the payment instruction to the debit of the general account of the Treasury on the payment date; and
- (2) Handle and act upon the payment instruction.
- (c) Upon receipt of a payment instruction, a Federal Reserve Bank, either directly or through another Federal Reserve Bank, correspondent financial institution or service provider, shall deliver or make available to the financial institution identified in the payment instruction the information contained in the payment instruction no later than the opening of business on the payment date on a medium as prescribed by the Federal Reserve Bank.
- (d) A financial institution by its action in maintaining or utilizing an account at a Federal Reserve Bank shall be deemed to authorize that Federal